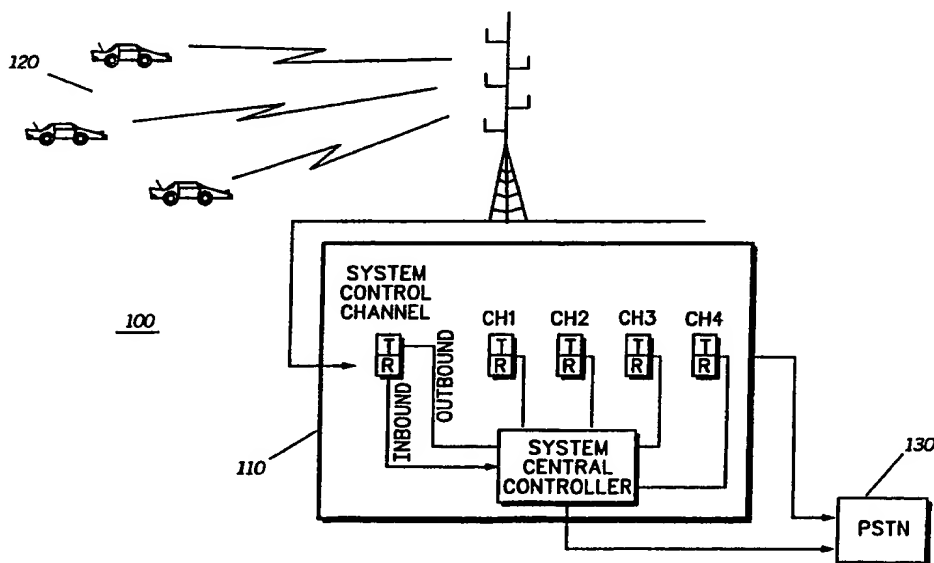


## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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<b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/US91/06242 <b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 3 September 1991 (03.09.91) <b>(30) Priority data:</b> 577,176 4 September 1990 (04.09.90) US <b>(71) Applicant:</b> MOTOROLA, INC. [US/US]; 8000 West Sunrise Blvd., Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33322 (US). <b>(72) Inventors:</b> BANE, Ronald, L. ; 9589 N.W. 9th Court, Plantation, FL 33324 (US). VAN, Tanh, Quy ; 10430 N.W. 18th Manor, Plantation, FL 33322 (US). <b>(74) Agents:</b> NICHOLS, Daniel, K. et al.; Motorola, Inc., Intellectual Property Dept., 8000 West Sunrise Blvd., Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33322 (US).		<b>(81) Designated States:</b> AT (European patent), BE (European patent), CA, CH (European patent), DE (European patent), DK (European patent), ES (European patent), FR (European patent), GB (European patent), GR (European patent), IT (European patent), JP, LU (European patent), NL (European patent), SE (European patent).  <b>Published</b> <i>With international search report.          Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>

**(54) Title:** METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ESTABLISHING VOICE AND TONE SIGNALLING COMMUNICATION IN A TRUNKED SYSTEM

**(57) Abstract**

A communication system (100) is provided comprising a communication resource controller (110) wherein the likelihood of success for establishing synchronous digital communication with a communication unit (120) is substantially greater than the likelihood of success for establishing analog communication. The communication unit may establish analog communication after the communication resource controller receives a digital access code from the communication unit. The analog communication is deferred until the received signal strength from the communication resource controller is above a predetermined level which makes the establishment of analog communication substantially likely.

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10       **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ESTABLISHING  
VOICE AND TONE SIGNALLING COMMUNICATION IN A  
TRUNKED SYSTEM**

15       **Technical Field**

          This invention relates generally to the field of  
communication systems, in particular to establishing voice and  
tone signalling communication in a trunked communication  
system.

20

**Background**

          In today's point to point communications, trunked  
communication systems provide many advantages over  
conventional systems. The trunked communication systems  
25       provide efficient allocation of a limited number of communication  
channels to a large number of users. Additionally, many system  
features, such as telephone interconnect, may be easily  
incorporated into the trunked communication systems.

          In a trunked communication system a communication  
30       resource controller and a plurality of communication units, such  
as portable and/or mobile two-way radios, communicate analog  
messages, i.e. voice and/or tone signalling, and synchronous  
digital data messages. The digital data messages having  
predetermined baud rate are communicated on one or more  
35       control channels. The analog messages, such as Dual Tone

Multiple Frequency (DTMF) tones, are communicated on one or more voice channels.

In a trunked system, an analog communication is preceded by a digital communication. The communication resource  
5 controller upon reception of a digital inbound channel request from one of the communication units may allocate a voice channel to that communication unit if such a voice channel is available. The communication resource controller may only  
10 receive a digital inbound channel request during a predetermined access time interval. If an inbound channel request is received within the access time interval, a response is transmitted to the communication unit which either indicates allocation of an available channel or indicates that all channels are busy. Once an available channel is allocated, voice and/or tone signalling  
15 messages may be communicated on that channel.

Generally, because of error correcting routines digital communication is substantially more reliable than analog communication which lack such routines. Thus, a voice channel may successfully be allocated after the communication resource  
20 controller has received a digital channel request message, however, the subsequent analog communication, i.e., voice and tone signalling communication may fail, if the communication unit is situated in a proximity which makes analog communication impossible. The failure to establish analog communication may  
25 hamper effective communication and cause user frustration. Therefore, it is desirable to provide successful analog communication after a successful prior digital communication is established.

### 30 Summary of the Invention

Briefly, in a communication system of the invention a communication resource controller and at least one communication unit are capable of communicating  
digital data, voice, and tone signalling messages. The likelihood  
35 of success for establishing digital communication is substantially greater than the likelihood of success for establishing analog

communication. The communication unit communicates digital messages with the communication resource controller in a synchronous manner, and is capable of accessing the communication resource controller during a predetermined  
5 access time interval.

According to one embodiment of the invention, the communication unit measures received signal quality characteristic from the communication resource controller and compares it to a predetermined received signal quality  
10 characteristic which is determined to make analog communication substantially likely. The digital access request message is transmitted when analog communication with the communication resource controller is substantially likely.

In another embodiment the communication unit reduces  
15 transmitter power during the access time interval such that a substantially identical likelihood of success for establishing digital and analog communication is provided. In yet another embodiment, the communication unit delays transmission of the digital access request message during said access time interval  
20 such that a substantially identical likelihood of success for establishing digital and analog communication is provided. The communication unit after providing for identical likelihood of success in establishing analog communication periodically transmits the digital access request message until analog  
25 communication with the communication resource controller is established.

#### **Brief Description of the Drawings**

Figure 1 illustrates a communication system which  
30 incorporates the features of the present invention.

Figure 2 is a block diagram of a communication unit utilized in the communication system of Figure 1.

Figure 3 is a flow chart of the steps taken for achieving the intended results of one embodiment of the present invention.

35 Figure 4 is a flow chart of the steps taken for achieving the intended results of another embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 5 is a flow chart of the steps taken for achieving the intended results of yet another embodiment of the present invention.

5    **Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment**

Referring to Figure 1, a preferred communication system 100 having incorporated therein the principals of the present invention is shown. The communication system 100 is a trunked communication system which includes a communication resource  
10 controller 110 and a plurality of communication units 120. In the preferred embodiment of the invention, the communication system 100 comprises a well known trunked system offered by Motorola Inc. The communication units 120 may comprise mobile and portable two-way radios, such as those manufactured by  
15 Motorola Inc. The overall operation of the communication system 100 is well known in the art, however, this operation to an extent necessary for understanding of the present invention will be described.

The communication resource controller 110 and the  
20 communication units 120 communicate digital data messages on a control channel and voice, tone signalling messages on a number of voice channels (channels 1-4). The communication resource controller 110 may transmit, on a transmit control channel, digital outbound signalling words (OSW) to the  
25 communication units 120. The OSW is a 84 bit word having a 3600 baud rate which is transmitted at a 23 msec time interval. The communication resource controller 110 may receive, on a receive control channel, a digital inbound signalling word (ISW) transmitted by the communication unit 120. The ISW is a 78 bit  
30 word also having a 3600 baud rate.

The ISW and OSW communicate those information which are required for the proper operation of the communication system 100. When the system is in an idle state, i.e. no communication is in progress, the communication unit 120  
35 monitors the outbound control channel for back ground OSWs which are transmitted by the communication resource controller

110. The communication resource controller 110 also monitors the availability status of other voice channels. The background OSW contains such information as system identification and channel identification and informs the communication units that they are in the correct system. Moreover, the OSW messages provide synchronization mechanism between the communication resource controllers 110 and the communication units 120.

In order to establish voice communication, a digital ISW channel access request message is transmitted from the communication unit 120. The channel access ISW comprises information, such as fleet ID, unit ID, etc. The communication resource controller 110, if accessed within the duration of an access time interval, searches all the available voice channels, and upon availability allocates a channel to the communication unit 120. If an available channel is found a channel grant OSW is transmitted to the communication unit 120, and if an available channel is not found a channel busy OSW is transmitted. The channel grant OSW indicates the allocated voice channel number to all of the communication units 120 operating in the communication system 100. Upon reception of a valid OSW (i.e., channel grant or busy), the initiated call is processed. When a call is being processed all the communication units 120 which are assigned to the same fleet or subfleet as the originating communication unit 120 revert to the allocated voice channel and the initiated call may be processed and a voice communication may be established between the communication units 120.

The digital ISW messages may also comprise an access request for an available service, such as telephone interconnect service which allows the communication unit to establish communication with a public service telephone network (PSTN) 130. Once an ISW comprising a telephone interconnect access request is received by the resource controller 110 an available voice channel is allocated. Thereafter, tone signalling messages, such as DTMF, may be transmitted from the communication unit 120 to establish a tone signalling communication with the PSTN 130. Accordingly, the communication unit 120 transmits a digital

access code ( i.e., digital ISW ) to the communication resource controller 110 within the access time interval and in response to a reception of a channel grant the analog communication may be established. The communication unit 120 activates an audio or  
5 visual alert means, if a channel busy OSW is received from the resource communication controller 110.

As referenced herein, a tone signalling and/or voice communication is intended to include any type of analog communication that the communication unit 120 may have within  
10 the communication system 100.

In the preferred embodiment of the invention, the communication units 120 comprise microprocessor controlled two-way trunked radios. Referring to FIG. 2, the block diagram of one such communication unit is shown. The communication unit  
15 120 receives the digital OSW, and analog messages through an antenna 290 which is coupled to a T/R switch 280. In receive mode, the T/R switch 280 under the control of a controller 220 couples the antenna 290 to a receiver 240. The received signal may contain voice, data or OSW messages. The receiver 240  
20 applies the received digital OSW to the controller 220 for processing. The controller 220 provides operational control and timing for the communication unit 120 by executing well known instructions which are stored in its Read Only Memory (ROM) 230. Upon decoding of the received messages, the controller 220  
25 takes steps to effectuate proper operation of the communication unit 120. The controller 220 also receives a received signal strength indicator (RSSI) signal from a well known RSSI circuit 250. The RSSI signal level is proportional to the strength of the received signal. In transmit mode, the ISW messages are  
30 generated by the controller 220. The digital ISW messages as well as analog messages, (i.e. voice and tone signalling messages) are transmitted by a transmitter 260 the output power of which may be changed to a desired setting by the controller 220. The bits of data comprising personality of the  
35 communication unit 120 are stored in the EEPROM 235. This data, among other things, includes information which determine



the operating frequency. The stored data may be programmed into the communication unit 120 during manufacturing in the factory or in the field by a well known field programmer (not shown). A user may initiate a voice communication by pressing a push to talk switch 255 or the user may initiate a tone signalling communication by activating a tone signalling activation means, such as a phone interconnect button 265. A keypad/display provides the interaction mechanism between a user and the communication unit 120. The keypad/display 245 may be used as dialing means for establishing the telephone communication with the PSTN 130 (shown in FIG. 1).

The likelihood of success in establishing digital communication via digital ISW is substantially greater than the likelihood of success in establishing the analog communication. This is because of the error correcting routines in the digital communication protocol between the communication unit 120 and the communication resource controller 110. In the preferred embodiment, the communication resource controller 110 may only be accessed for communication within a 3 bit access time interval of the digital ISW which occurs immediately after completing transmission of an OSW. One of ordinary skill in the art by considering the baud rate of the system and the propagation speed of electromagnetic waves ( the speed of light) may appreciate that duration of each digital bit of the ISW corresponds to substantially 25 miles of propagation for the signals carrying ISW or OSW. Thus, the communication units 120 may communicate digital data messages when positioned within a 75 miles range from the communication resource controller 110. However, due to the lack of error correction during analog communication, the messages may not be reliably communicated with the communication resource controller even though a prior digital communication has been established.

It is well known that the reliability of analog communication is directly proportional to dependability and effectiveness of communication coverage in the proximity at which the communication unit is positioned. For example, a better received

signal characteristic being communicated between the resource controller 110 and the communication unit 120 provides a more reliable analog communication. Similarly, a closer range between the communication unit 120 and the communication resource controller 110 provides a more reliable analog communication.

Referring to FIG. 3, the preferred flow chart of the operational steps for establishing tone signalling communication according to one embodiment of the invention is shown. In this embodiment of the invention, the analog communication are achieved by relying on a particular received signal quality characteristic, such as received signal strength, signal to noise ratio, or bit error rate. In the preferred embodiment, received signal strength level comprises the desired received signal quality characteristic. After a voice and tone communication is initiated, block 310, the communication unit 120 measures the strength of the received signal via the RSSI circuit 250 (shown in FIG. 2), block 320. The communication unit 120 then compares the strength of the received signal to a predetermined received signal strength level, block 330. The predetermined signal strength level is set at a level which is determined to make establishing analog communication substantially likely. The predetermined signal strength level may be substantially equal to the level of a received signal at which digital and voice communication are both determined to succeed and may be selected based on the particular characteristics of the coverage area of the communication system 100. If the received signal strength level is below the predetermined level, the communication unit 120 determines that the analog messages may not be received by the communication resource controller 110, block 340. Therefore, the digital access request is not transmitted and deferred until the the received signal strength is above the predetermined level. Therefore, the initiated communication call is placed in queue and operator is alerted via audio and visual indicator means, block 350. Thereafter, the communication unit 120 periodically compares the received

signal strength level with the predetermined level. If the received signal strength level is above the predetermined level the communication unit determines that establishing the analog communication is substantially likely and the digital access request ISW is transmitted, block 360. If a valid OSW is received in response to transmission of the digital access request, the initiated communication call is processed, block 390. If a valid OSW is not received from the communication resource controller 110, then the call fails and the user is alerted, block 380.

Accordingly, the digital access request is only transmitted when the communication unit based on the received signal characteristic determines that the tone signalling and/ or voice communication with the communication resource controller is substantially likely. Similarly, instead of comparing the received signal strength level, the analog communication may be established by comparing signal to noise ratio or bit error rate to a predetermined signal to noise ratio or bit error rate which insures establishing analog communication communication is substantially likely.

In the preferred embodiment of the invention the predetermined signal strength level is stored in the EEPROM 235. The predetermined signal strength level may be stored in the EEPROM 235 permanently and may not be subject to modification. Alternatively, the predetermined signal strength level may be modifiable via the OSW messages transmitted from the communication resource controller 110. This arrangement is more desirable in those communication systems which utilize a plurality of communication resource controllers 110, thereby allowing the predetermined signal strength level to be modified in accordance with the characteristic of the coverage area within which the communication unit 120 is located.

Referring to FIG. 4, the preferred flow chart of the operational steps according to another embodiment of the invention is shown. Because the timing of the communication unit 120 is continuously synchronized with the timing of the communication resource controller 110, a delay from

transmission of the last OSW to reception of an ISW may be correlated with the range of the communication unit 120 from the communication resource controller 110. As described above, every bit delay corresponds to a 25 mile distance between the communication unit 120 and the communication resource controller 110 and accordingly, a 3 bit delay corresponds to 75 miles. At 75 miles distance, though sufficient for establishing digital communication may not be sufficient for establishing analog communication. According to this embodiment of the invention, after the call is initiated, block 410, the transmission of the digital access request is delayed during the access time interval such that a substantially identical likelihood of success for establishing digital communication and tone signalling communication is provided, blocks 420 and 430. The predetermined delay is selected based on the particular characteristics of the coverage area of the communication system 100 which insures establishment of successful analog communication. If after the transmission of the delayed digital access request a valid OSW is received from the resource communication controller the tone signalling or the voice communication is processed, blocks 440, and 460. If a valid OSW is not received, the initiated communication call is placed in queue and operator is alerted via audio and visual indicator means, block 450. Thereafter, the delayed digital access request is periodically transmitted until analog communication with the communication resource controller 110 is established. It may be appreciated that based on any criteria, such as passage of a predetermined time interval, the attempts to establish analog communication may be aborted. In the preferred embodiment of the invention, the predetermined time delay is stored in the EEPROM 235. The predetermined time delay may be stored in the EEPROM 235 permanently and may not be subject to modification. Alternatively, the predetermined delay may be modifiable via the OSW messages transmitted from the communication resource controller 110.

Referring to FIG. 5, the preferred flow chart of the operational steps according to yet another embodiment of the invention is shown. Because transmit power required for establishing digital communication is substantially less than the transmit power required for establishing analog communication, after initiation of the call, the transmit power of the communication unit 120 during transmission of the digital access code is reduced to a predetermined power level such that a substantially identical likelihood of success for establishing digital communication and tone signalling communication is provided, blocks 510, 520 and 530. The predetermined power level is selected based on the particular characteristics of the coverage area of the communication system 100 which insures establishment of successful analog communication. If after the transmission of the digital access request a valid OSW is received from the resource communication controller 110, block 540, the power level is restored, block 560, and the analog communication is processed, block 570. If a valid OSW is not received, block 540, the initiated communication call is placed in queue and operator is alerted via audio and visual indicator means, block 550. Thereafter, the transmit power of the communication unit is reduced and the digital access request is periodically transmitted until analog communication with the communication resource controller 110 is established. It may be appreciated that based on any criteria, such as passage of a predetermined time interval, the attempts to establish analog communication may be aborted. In the preferred embodiment of the invention the predetermined time delay is stored in the EEPROM 235. The predetermined reduced power level may be stored in the EEPROM 235 permanently and may not be subject to modification. Alternatively, the predetermined reduced power level may be modifiable via the OSW messages transmitted from the communication resource controller 110.

It is well known that the steps taken for achieving the intended result of the present invention are programmed as instructions which are executable by the controller 220. The programming of these instructions is well known in the art and

may be achieved by a programmer with the knowledge of the instructions of a specific controller.

What is claimed is:

**Claims**

1. In a communication system including a communication resource controller capable of establishing analog communication and synchronous digital communication with at least one communication unit, wherein the likelihood of success for establishing digital communication is substantially greater than the likelihood of success for establishing analog communication, said analog communication being established after a digital access request message transmitted from said communication unit is received by said communication resource controller during an access time interval, a method for establishing an analog communication by said communication unit comprising the steps of:
- (a) measuring a received signal quality characteristic from said communication resource controller;
  - (b) comparing said received signal quality characteristic to a predetermined received signal quality characteristic which is determined to make analog communication substantially likely;
  - (c) transmitting said digital access request message when analog communication with said communication resource controller is substantially likely.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein said steps (a) and (b) comprise the steps of:

(a) determining a received signal strength level;

(b) comparing said received signal strength level to a

5 predetermined received signal strength level which makes establishing analog communication substantially likely.



3. In a communication system including a communication resource controller capable of establishing analog message and synchronous digital communication with at least one communication unit, wherein the likelihood of success for establishing digital communication is substantially greater than the likelihood of success for establishing analog communication, said analog communication being established after a digital access request message transmitted from said communication unit is received by said communication resource controller during an access time interval, a method for establishing an analog communication by said communication unit comprising the steps of:
- a) delaying transmission of said digital access request message during said access time interval such that likelihood of success for establishing digital communication is substantially identical to likelihood of success for establishing analog communication;
  - b) periodically transmitting said delayed digital access request message until analog communication with said communication resource controller is established.

4. In a communication system including a communication resource controller capable of establishing analog message and synchronous digital communication with at least one communication unit, wherein the likelihood of success for establishing digital communication is substantially greater than the likelihood of success for establishing communication, said analog communication being established after a digital access request message transmitted from said communication unit is received by said communication resource controller during an access time interval, a method for establishing an analog communication by said communication unit comprising the steps of:
- a) reducing transmitter power during said access time interval such that likelihood of success for establishing digital communication is substantially identical to likelihood of success for establishing analog communication;
  - b) periodically transmitting said digital access request message until analog communication with said communication resource controller is established.

5. In a communication system including a communication resource controller capable of establishing analog message and synchronous digital communication with at least one communication unit, wherein the likelihood of success for

5 establishing digital communication is substantially greater than the likelihood of success for establishing analog communication, said analog communication being established after a digital access request message transmitted from said communication unit is received by said communication resource controller, an

10 apparatus for establishing analog communication with said communication resource controller comprising:

means for determining a received signal quality characteristic from said communication resource controller;

15 means for comparing said received signal quality characteristic to a predetermined received signal quality characteristic which determines that establishing analog communication is substantially likely;

means for transmitting said digital access request message

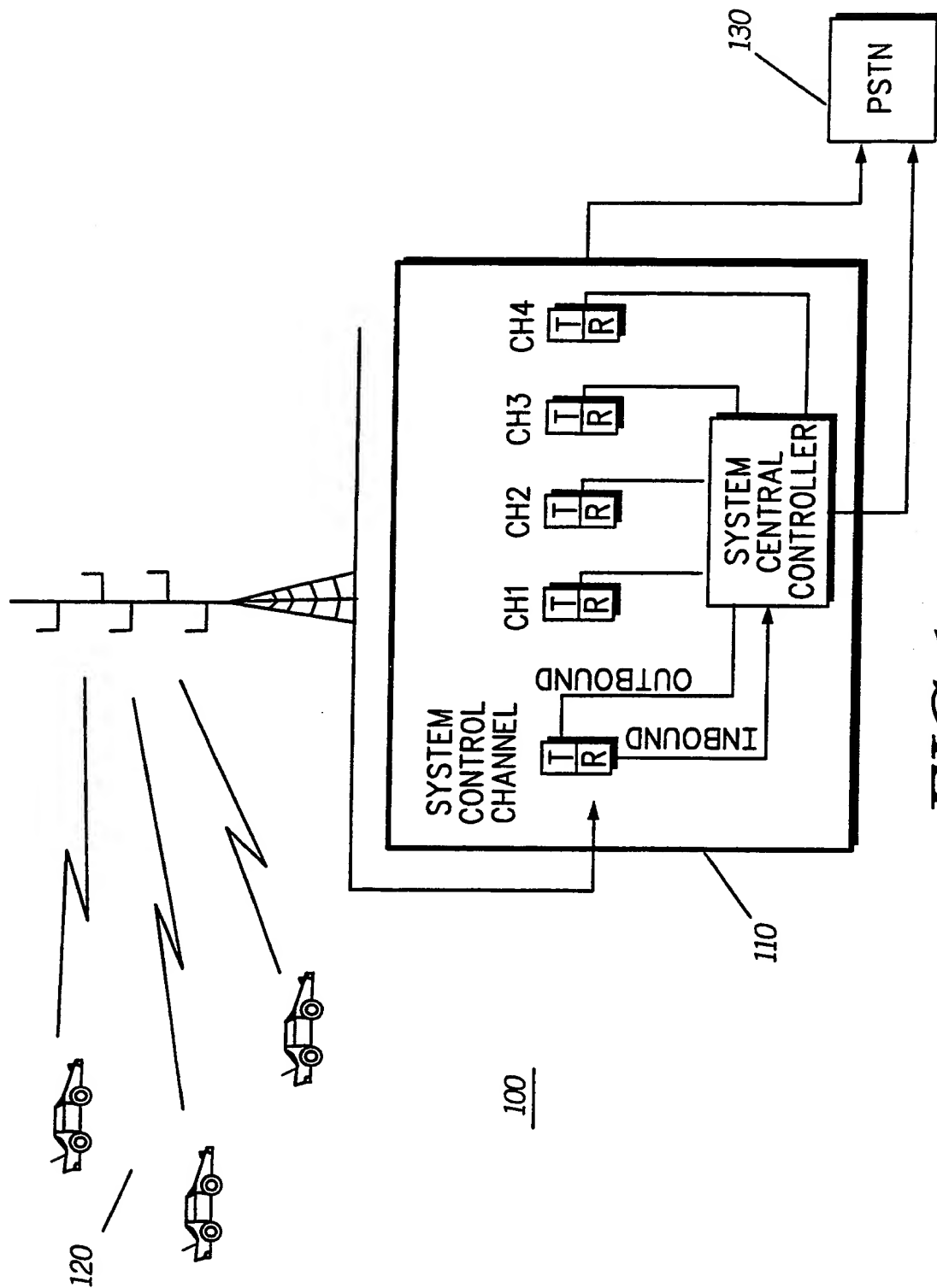
20 when analog communication with said communication resource controller is substantially likely.

6. The apparatus of claim 5, wherein said means for determining a received signal quality characteristic comprise means for determining a received signal strength level.

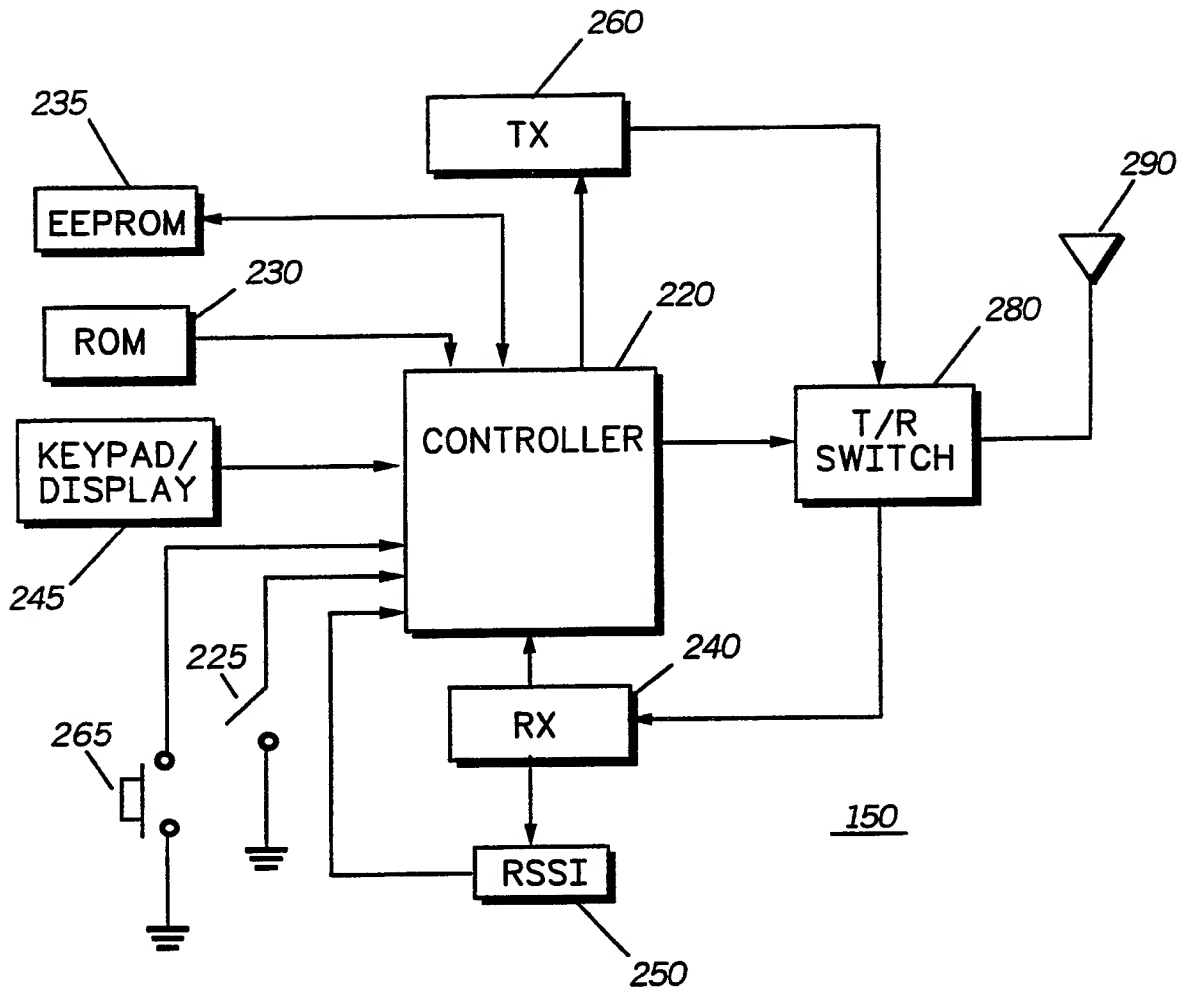
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7. In a communication system including a communication resource controller capable of establishing analog message and synchronous digital communication with at least one communication unit, wherein the likelihood of success for establishing digital communication is substantially greater than the likelihood of success for establishing analog communication, said analog communication being established after a digital access request message transmitted from said communication unit is received by said communication resource controller during an access time interval, an apparatus for establishing analog communication with said communication resource controller comprising:
- means for delaying transmission of said digital access request message during said access time interval such that likelihood of success for establishing digital communication is substantially identical to likelihood of success for establishing analog communication;
  - means for periodically transmitting said delayed digital access request message until analog communication with said communication resource controller is established.

8. In a communication system including a communication resource controller capable of establishing analog message and synchronous digital communication with at least one communication unit, wherein the likelihood of success for establishing digital communication is substantially greater than the likelihood of success for establishing analog communication, said analog communication being established after a digital access request message transmitted from said communication unit is received by said communication resource controller during an access time interval, an apparatus for establishing analog communication with said communication resource controller comprising:
- means for reducing transmitter power during said access time interval such that likelihood of success for establishing digital communication is substantially identical to likelihood of success for establishing analog communication;
  - means for periodically transmitting said digital access request message until analog communication with said communication resource controller is established.

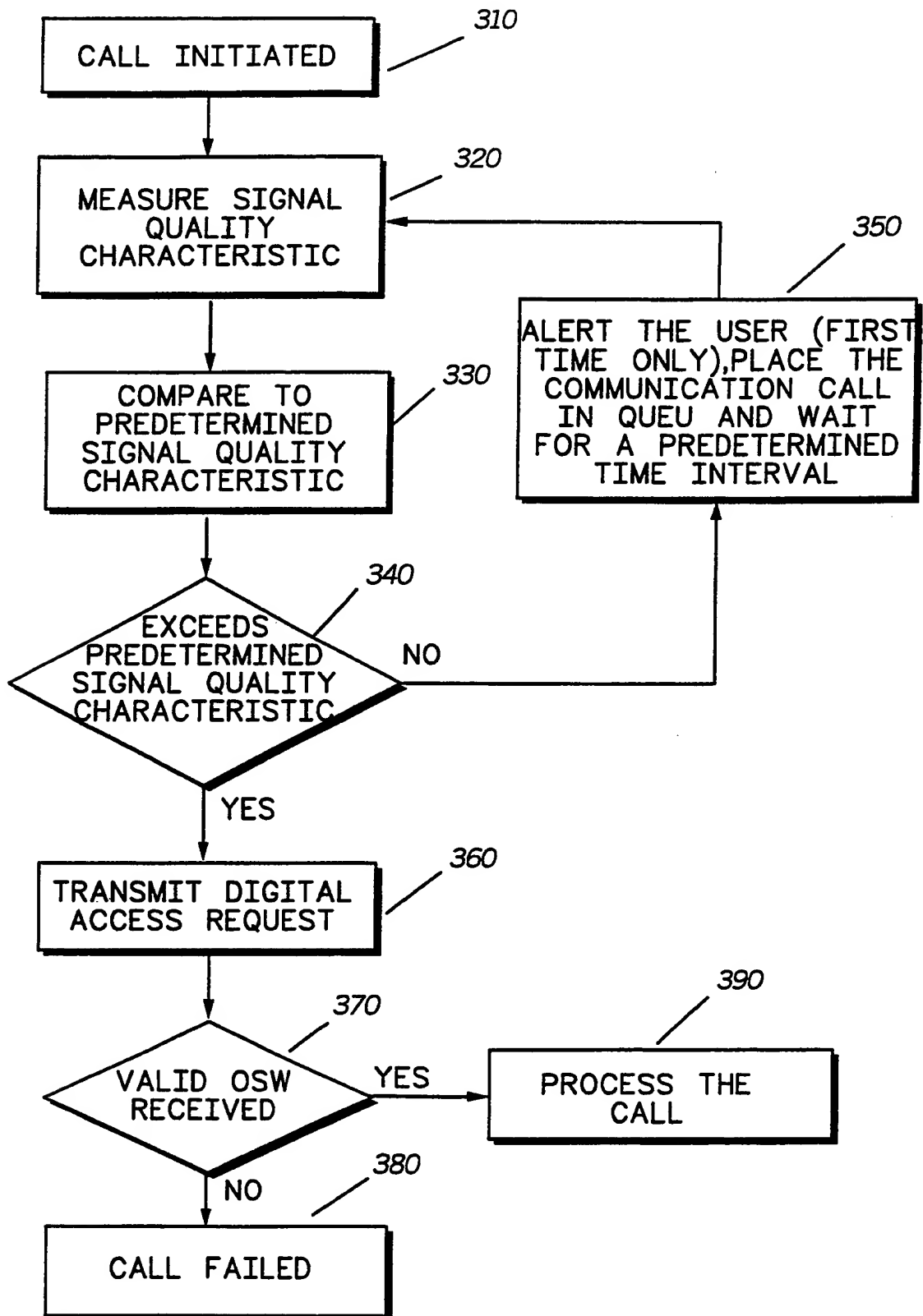
*FIG. 1*

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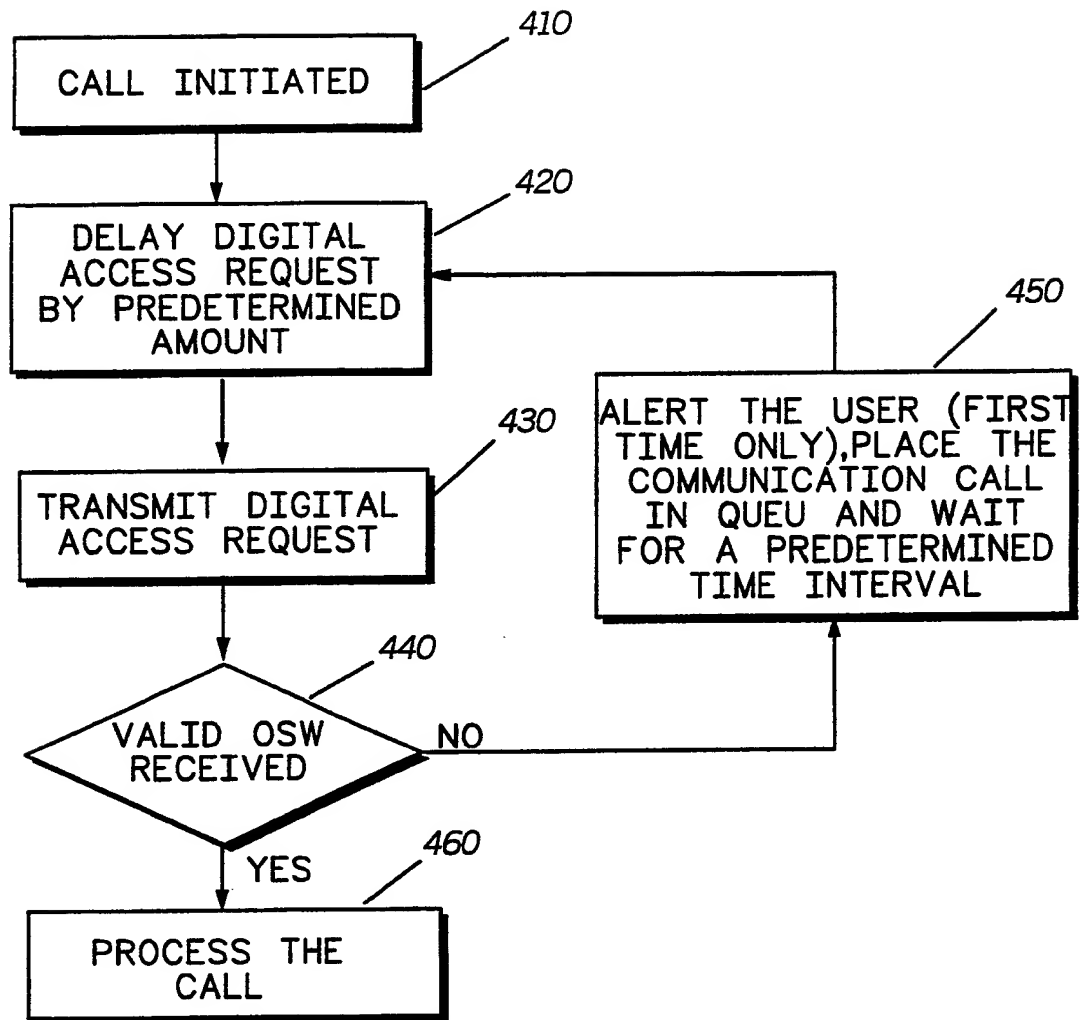
**FIG. 2**



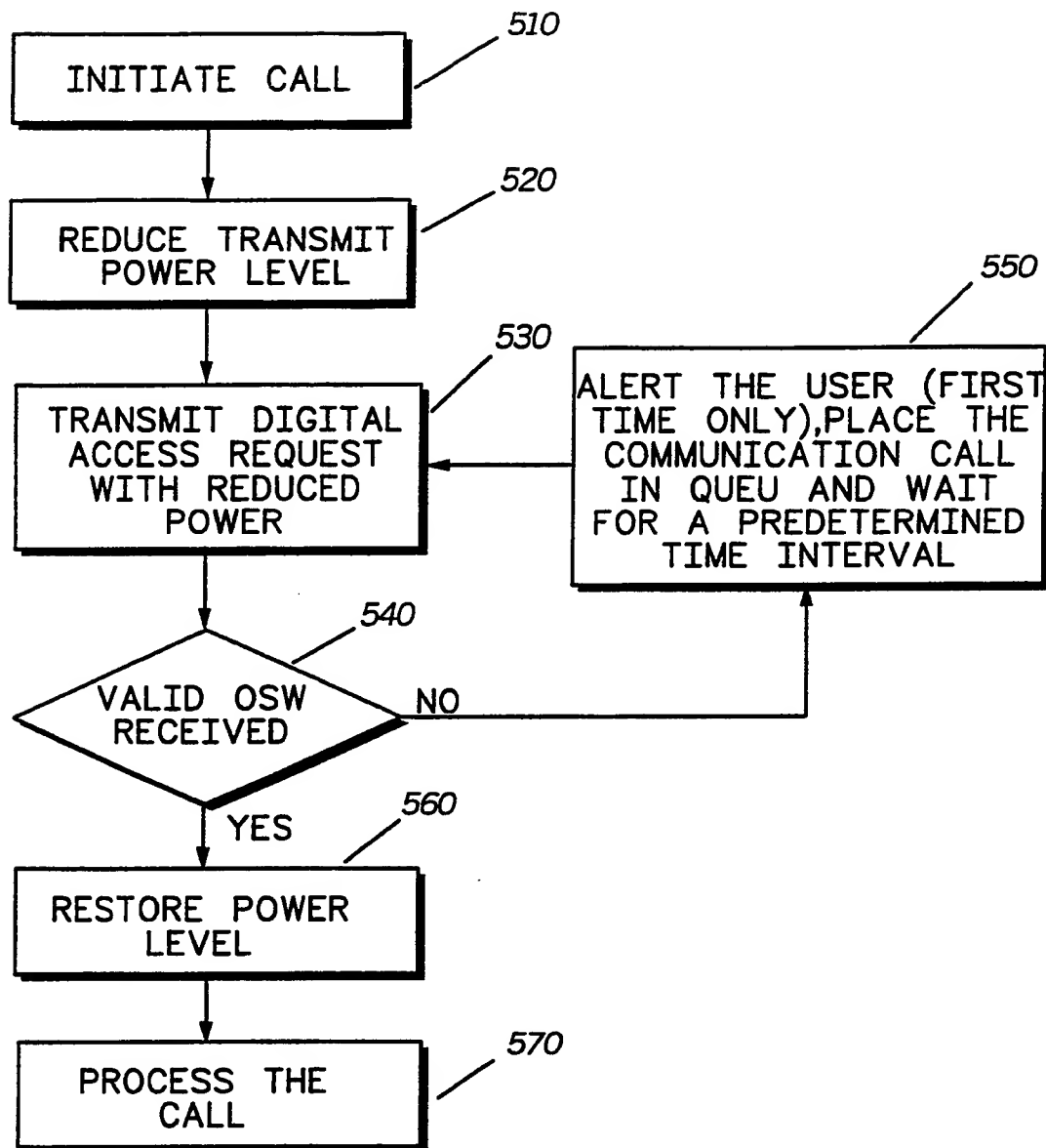
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*FIG. 3*

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*FIG. 4*

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*FIG. 5*

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No. PCT/US91/06242

<b>I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b> (If several classification symbols apply, indicate all) <sup>6</sup> According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC IPC(5) H04B 7/26; H04M 11/00 U.S. CL. 455/54,67; 370/110.1; 379/63																				
<b>II. FIELDS SEARCHED</b> <div style="text-align: right; font-size: small;">Minimum Documentation Searched <sup>7</sup></div> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%; border: none;">Classification System</td> <td style="border: none;">Classification Symbols</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none; vertical-align: top;">U.S. CL.</td> <td style="border: none; vertical-align: top;">455/33,34,38,52-54,56,62,63,67 375/5; 370/110.1 379/59,63</td> </tr> </table> <div style="text-align: center; font-size: x-small; margin-top: 5px;">Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the extent that such Documents are included in the Fields Searched <sup>8</sup></div>			Classification System	Classification Symbols	U.S. CL.	455/33,34,38,52-54,56,62,63,67 375/5; 370/110.1 379/59,63														
Classification System	Classification Symbols																			
U.S. CL.	455/33,34,38,52-54,56,62,63,67 375/5; 370/110.1 379/59,63																			
<b>III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT <sup>9</sup></b> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%; font-size: x-small;">Category <sup>9</sup></th> <th style="width: 70%; font-size: x-small;">Citation of Document, <sup>11</sup> with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages <sup>12</sup></th> <th style="width: 20%; font-size: x-small;">Relevant to Claim No. <sup>13</sup></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">A</td> <td style="vertical-align: top;">US,A, 4,723,264 (SASUTA et al.) 02 FEBRUARY 1988 See entire document</td> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">1-8</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">Y</td> <td style="vertical-align: top;">US,A, 4,692,945 (ZDUNEK) 08 SEPTEMBER 1987 See entire document</td> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">1-8</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">A</td> <td style="vertical-align: top;">US,A, 4,612,445 (ZDUNEK et al.) 16 SEPTEMBER 1986</td> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">1,3,4,5,7,8</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">A</td> <td style="vertical-align: top;">US,A, 4,578,815 (PERSINOTTI) 25 MARCH 1986</td> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">1,3,4,5,7,8</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">A,P</td> <td style="vertical-align: top;">US,A, 5,008,953 (DAHLIN et al.) 16 APRIL 1991</td> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">1,3,4,5,7,8</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Category <sup>9</sup>	Citation of Document, <sup>11</sup> with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages <sup>12</sup>	Relevant to Claim No. <sup>13</sup>	A	US,A, 4,723,264 (SASUTA et al.) 02 FEBRUARY 1988 See entire document	1-8	Y	US,A, 4,692,945 (ZDUNEK) 08 SEPTEMBER 1987 See entire document	1-8	A	US,A, 4,612,445 (ZDUNEK et al.) 16 SEPTEMBER 1986	1,3,4,5,7,8	A	US,A, 4,578,815 (PERSINOTTI) 25 MARCH 1986	1,3,4,5,7,8	A,P	US,A, 5,008,953 (DAHLIN et al.) 16 APRIL 1991	1,3,4,5,7,8
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Y	US,A, 4,692,945 (ZDUNEK) 08 SEPTEMBER 1987 See entire document	1-8																		
A	US,A, 4,612,445 (ZDUNEK et al.) 16 SEPTEMBER 1986	1,3,4,5,7,8																		
A	US,A, 4,578,815 (PERSINOTTI) 25 MARCH 1986	1,3,4,5,7,8																		
A,P	US,A, 5,008,953 (DAHLIN et al.) 16 APRIL 1991	1,3,4,5,7,8																		
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; font-size: x-small;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p><b>* Special categories of cited documents: <sup>10</sup></b></p> <p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</p> <p>"Δ" document member of the same patent family</p> </div> </div>																				
<b>IV. CERTIFICATION</b> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; border: none; vertical-align: top;">           Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search             17 DECEMBER 1991             International Searching Authority             ISA/US         </td> <td style="width: 50%; border: none; vertical-align: top;">           Date of Mailing of this International Search Report  <div style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold; text-align: center;">10 JAN 1992</div>           Signature of Authorized Officer  <div style="text-align: center;">               CHI PHAM           </div> </td> </tr> </table>			Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search  17 DECEMBER 1991  International Searching Authority  ISA/US	Date of Mailing of this International Search Report <div style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold; text-align: center;">10 JAN 1992</div> Signature of Authorized Officer <div style="text-align: center;">               CHI PHAM           </div>																
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